

KERR & JERMIN

The Old Reliable
Boot and Shoe House,

Dealers in

FINE FOOTWEAR!

And Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Our line of Ladies' Red, Tan and Black Oxfords is most complete, both in style and durability, and at prices that are very low.

Also, a complete line of Ladies' Misses and Children's Shoes, in all widths and styles. The finest line to select from in the city. Our Children's line knocks them all out.

Men's Fine and Working Shoes in great variety, style and price. Can not help but please.

OUR SEMI-ANNUAL SALE

Of broken lines commences to-day. Now is your chance for Bargains.

We carry a full line of

Gents' Furnishings and Lumbermen's Goods. Please call and examine our stock. No trouble to show goods.

OUR MOTTO:

Honest Reliable Goods at Reasonable Prices.

Kerr & Jermin

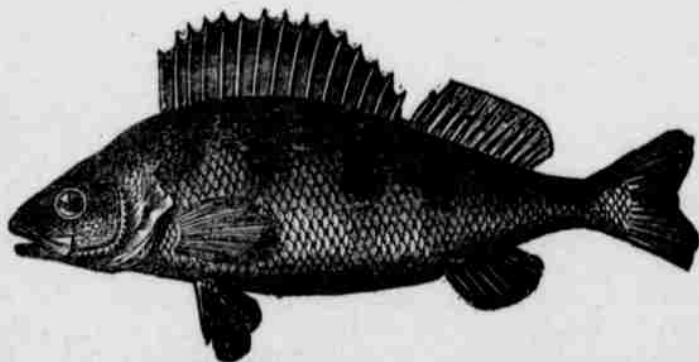
Old Reliable,

334 Dock Street,
McRae Block.

FRESH FISH

— AT —

Wholesale and Retail.



White Fish and Trout

Fresh from our Steam Fishing Tug Angler, always on hand.

Thursday Evenings and Friday Mornings,

FRESH PICKEREL AND BASS.

Fish Dressed and Prepared for all Patrons, Ready for the Frying-Pan.

Orders Promptly Filled.

I. LINCOLN,

114 River Street.

Phone 176.

ALPENA ARGUS.

J. C. VIALI, Publisher & Proprietor
\$1 PER YEAR.

Largest Circulation and Best Advertising Medium in Alpena County.

Wednesday, July 19, 1893.

Already the action of President Cleveland in calling an early session of Congress is bearing good fruit. A feeling of at least moderate security has taken the place of the uncertainty which was prevalent a week ago.—Hillsdale Democrat.

The financial and business outlook throughout the country is assuming a much brighter aspect, and there is a stronger confidence on all sides, which is believed will continue from this until the business machinery of commerce is again running as usual, and that now having passed the lowest ebb of business we will be moving on smoothly again within the next sixty days.

A Rascally Policy.

The maple sugar laboratory at Montpelier, Vt., has been closed for the season, having weighed for inspection 3,750,702 pounds, most of which passed the test required to earn the bounty. The amount of this bounty will be about \$72,000, nearly all of which goes to raisers in Vermont. Exactly why the farmer who has a "sugar grove" should be paid a bounty by those who have not for making money out of it still remains to be shown. Will any reader of the Moon tell us the difference in principle of taxing the people of the United States to pay a bounty to make it more profitable to the man who bores a hole in a maple tree, catches the sap therefrom and boils it into sugar, than for the government to purchase 4,500,000 ounces of silver bullion per month to enrich the silver mine owners? It is a rascally policy; it has no basis in justice and equality; it is essentially protection. It is nothing but McKinleyism in a varied form.—Battle Creek Moon.

That Wool Scare.

The Republican press of Michigan continues to harp about the low price of wool and disregarding the fact that the McKinley tariff is still "protecting" that commodity, it seeks to show that the decline in price is due to a Democratic administration. The News has heretofore shown that the price of wool has been declining ever since the McKinley tariff went into effect and the cause of the decline is plain. Of the 600,000,000 pounds we raise in America only 200,000,000 pounds are made up of imported wool and the other 400,000,000 pounds are made up of woolen goods and shoddy. The foreign wool is absolutely necessary in woolen manufacturing because of its quality, which cannot be duplicated at home; and when the American manufacturer is compelled by a tariff to pay more for the foreign wool he must have, in order to compete with his foreign rival, even in the American market, he uses as little American wool as possible, paying as little as possible for it and making up the difference by substituting shoddy to mix with the foreign wool. The history of the wool tariff shows that it has benefited nobody except the dealers in shoddy. It has been marked:

1. By a large increase in the importation of foreign wool.
2. By a decrease in the number of sheep in all states east of the Mississippi.
3. By a marked decline in the price of American grown wool.
4. By an astounding increase in the production of shoddy, so that the shoddy product is equal for manufacturing purposes to the wool product of 30,000,000 sheep.
5. The wool grower is injured and the manufacturer is injured, while the consumer has either to pay a higher price for clothing or be put off with an inferior quality made up largely of shoddy.
6. Is not about time to give free wool a trial?—Saginaw News.

Pension Certificates Issued.

A statement prepared at the Pension Bureau shows that between April 1 last, when the present administration of the bureau took formal direction its affairs, and July 1, 17,044 original certificates of all kinds were issued. Of these 2,354 were invalid certificates under the act of June 27, 1890, and 9,043 widows' certificates under said act, making a total of 11,297 original certificates issued under the act of June 27, 1890, for the first three months of Democratic power. It is also shown that there were issued 2,360 additional pensions under the act of June 27, 1890, making a grand total of 13,657 certificates issued under the act of June 27, 1890, during the first three months of Democratic control of the Pension Bureau.

The total number of original certificates of all kinds issued during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1893, was 121,628, of which 99,207 were under the act of June 27, 1890; and 244 were issued to army nurses. There were also issued during the fiscal year 33,693 certificates granting additional pensions under the act of June 27, 1890.

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1892, there were issued 222,987 original certificates, and the net increase to the rolls was 199,908. As the total number of certificates issued during the fiscal year just closed is but 121,628 it would seem that 101,360 less certificates have been issued for the fiscal year 1893 than were issued for the fiscal year 1892; and as the loss to the rolls during the last fiscal year, from death, re-marriage, etc., will amount to at least 30,000, it will be seen

that the net increase to the rolls during the past fiscal year will be but 91,028, against 199,908, or a difference of 108,280 less increase for the fiscal year 1893.

This statement is made as a refutation of a statement that not a single pension certificate has been issued under the dependent pension law since the present administration came into power.

By Means of the Teeth.

The identification of bodies that have been mutilated beyond recognition by the usual rules has until recently been so difficult that every year hundreds of bodies of heroes have been consigned to nameless graves.

But a new system of identification has been discovered that is as accurate and unfailing as is the famous system of measurement employed by the Paris police in keeping track of the criminals of France. It is identification by means of the teeth. It was first suggested and put in practice by a New York dentist. For years it has been the custom of all first-class dentists to keep a complete chart of the teeth of all their patients, together with a record of all fillings, removals, or other work done to the masticators. These charts and records are carefully filed away and are kept as long as the patient lives. A comparison of several hundred of these charts recently made in New York showed that no two of them were identical alike, and a celebrated artist made the assertion that the same rule would hold good in 10,000 cases. The first and most noted instance where identification by the teeth was made conclusive was in the case of Norcross, the dynamiter, who attempted the life of Russell Sage, and was blown to pieces. While a trower's button furnished the first clue to this identity, it was not until his teeth were examined by his dentist that the identity was recognized by the young man's parents.

The next time that the system was brought into prominence was after the terrible Hotel Royal fire in New York, in which all of the victims were burned beyond all semblance to humanity. While the charred bodies were lying at the morgue an old lady called there in search of her missing daughter. She was accompanied by her family dentist and within five minutes the missing and erring child was found and fully identified by means of the dentist's chart. The old lady's example was followed by others, and in this way nearly all of the victims of that holocaust were recognized and claimed by their friends.

The great value of identification by this method applies especially to victims of death by fire. While the flames will destroy all the tissues and bones of the body, they will have no effect whatever on the teeth. They can be subjected to a heat that will reduce the bones of the body to powder and come out without a crack.

One of the victims of the cold storage murder was identified Tuesday by his teeth.—Chicago Times.

Crop Report, July, 1893.

The estimate herein made of the 1893 wheat crop it based on the number of acres in wheat in May as shown by the returns of supervisors, and the average yield per acre as shown by more than 1,200 estimates received from our regular crop correspondents and supervisors. The estimates of yield per acre have been made while the crop was yet all standing and are of course subject to revision.

The area in wheat in Michigan this year, as shown by the returns of supervisor of this office, is 1,578,252 acres.

Multiplying the acres in each county by the estimated yield per acre in the same county and footing the products, gives 20,856,374 bushels as the probable total yield in the State. This is an average per acre of 13.09 bushels in the southern counties, 14.18 in the central counties, and 12.63 in the northern counties. The average for the State is 13.24 bushels.

The total number of bushels of wheat report marketed by farmers in June is 751,001. The total number of bushels reported marketed in the eleven months, August—June, is 13,760,490. This is 2,304,814 bushels less than reported marketed in the same months last year.

The unfavorable weather in May not only delayed corn planting but caused a reduction of acreage. The area planted in the southern counties is estimated at 94 per cent, in the central, 89 per cent, and in the northern, 90 per cent of a full average. In condition the crop is from five to fourteen per cent below an average, but in the southern counties it is 22 per cent, and in the central, 15 per cent better condition than one year ago. Oats are doing well. With favorable weather until harvest a nearly full average crop may be expected.

Compared with an average there is a loss of from two to three per cent in the area planted to potatoes in the southern and central counties, and a gain of three per cent in the northern counties. In condition the crop in the southern counties is 73 per cent, or 12 per cent higher than on July 1, last year. In the central counties the condition is 87, and in the northern 92.

Meadows and pastures, and clover sowed this year, are, in the southern and central counties, in fine condition. In the northern counties the weather has been less favorable and the condition is from 20 to 26 per cent below an average. Apples in the southern counties now promise about one-third, in the central two-fifths, and in the northern, two-thirds of an average crop. Since June 1, this crop has declined 22 per cent in the southern and central counties, and 16 per cent in the northern counties. Peaches promise in the southern counties and the State, 82 per cent of an average crop. The figures for the

central counties are 87, and for the northern, 74.

JOHN W. JOCHIM,
Secretary of State.

A MINNEAPOLIS MIRACLE.

The Remarkable Cure of J. B. White of This City.

A Cripple for Two Years, Pronounced Incurable by Physicians and Given up by His Friends to Die—How He Obtained Relief and Became a Well Man—His Daughter's Marvelous Improvement.

(From the Minneapolis Journal.)
"Precious is the panacea that cures when hope is gone and medical advice pronounces the death sentence—'Incurable.' How terrible it is to think of leaving behind a helpless child, the allotted years of man's time here on earth are spent." Thus spoke J. B. White of 1201, 34 St., N. E., last night to a Journal reporter. Mr. White has been much talked about of late, and the following conversation explains why:

"I am a native of Sheldahl, New Brunswick, and of French descent. I have been in Minneapolis for many years. I am now 60 years old. I fell from a building two years ago and broke my thigh, besides injuring myself internally. The doctors could do nothing for me but let the bones grow together as best they could. When I was able to walk on crutches I came near dying from the complication of troubles that had set in after the fall. For one year and a half I walked on crutches, striving in vain to find some relief. The worst part of my afflictions was that I could not eat anything. If I could have had nourishment and kept it down I could have stood the pain better. I had four doctors, and kept taking all sorts of medicines. I had to stop all of them or I would have died. I have enough bottles left to start a drug store. I would be troubled so with headaches, and my hips would pain me so that I often thought I would go crazy. I was so emaciated that there was nothing of me but skin and bone. Last summer I felt as if I was nearly dead. My kidneys were lame to bother me. I got so I could not sleep only at intervals. Finally I gave up in despair. One day I was sitting out on the porch. It was a beautiful day, the singing of birds and the odor of flowers set me to thinking of my childhood days. From that day my thoughts reverted to the little French weekly paper, Le Moniteur Acadien, that we got, and I thought I would like to read it and see how things were at my old home. I told my wife to give me the last number. She brought me the one that came that morning. The first thing I saw was a long article about the miraculous cure of a cripple. I read on and on, becoming more interested than ever. The patient described in the article said that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People cured him and they would cure me. I did not expect relief right away, but soon they made the headache pass away. After taking them some days I could eat. People laughed at me when I began to take the pills, telling me I was taking so much candy. But the day I read about the cure of the cripple, I was different. I am now well and hearty as a young man of 25."

"At this juncture his married daughter, Mrs. J. B. White, came into the store. 'There,' said he, 'is another case. She has tried them, too.' The reporter thought it would be a good idea to speak of her case, also, since it was a woman's. Mrs. White married a man of the same name as her father, so this accounts for the same name.

"The doctors," she said, "told me I had uterine trouble. I was in a miserable condition. Nothing that I took could alleviate the pains I would feel in my limbs and abdomen. I often had fluttering of the heart, and frequent weak spells. I would eat, but it would do me no good. I could not sleep. I was in misery and pain. My father took Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and his improvement was so rapid that I thought I would take them too. At first I felt worse, and then I began to improve so rapidly that I was astonished. I have taken seven boxes and am now nearly well. I do my own work and can sleep and eat well. In the mornings I feel refreshed after a night's rest."

August Groffend, who keeps the Germania Drug Store, at 1011 Main St., N. E., corroborated what Mr. White had said above in regard to his condition, saying, "I have sold a great many since these cures. Some of the lumbermen going to the woods have taken half dozen boxes of these pills with them. They certainly have done a wonderful lot of good and should have the entire credit of the cures."

On inquiry The Journal reporter found that these pills are now on sale at the various wholesale drug houses of Minneapolis and St. Paul and are meeting with good sale, but not as fast as they will sell as soon as their merit is fully known. He also found they were manufactured by Dr. J. C. Williams, of the Company, Schenectady, N. Y., and Brockville, Ont., and the pills are sold in boxes (never in bulk by the hundred) at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a perfect blood builder and nerve restorer, curing such diseases as rheumatism, neuralgia, neural paralytic, locomotor ataxia, St. Vitus' dance, nervous headache, nervous prostration and the tired feeling therefrom, the after effects of a gripe, influenza and severe colds. I believe these pills are humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. Pink Pills give a healthy glow to pale and sallow complexions and are a specific for the troubles peculiar to the female system; in men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of any nature.

Council Proceedings.

The Common Council of the city of Alpena met in regular session, in the Council Room, on July 17, 1893, and was called to order at 7:30 o'clock, p. m. by the Mayor.

Present, Andrew Harshaw, Mayor; Wm. A. McDonald, Recorder, and Aldermen Blakley, Holmes, White, Ellis, Bowden, D. A. Campbell, Wixson, Crawford, Manion, A. Campbell, Daoust and Beck.

Journal of session held July 3d read and approved.

COMMUNICATIONS.
To the Hon. Common Council of the City of Alpena.

GENTLEMEN—The directors of the Alpena City Water Co. met at their office, July 12th, 1893, and unanimously passed the following resolution:

"That directors J. D. Turnbull, W. H. Johnson and F. W. Fletcher be appointed as a committee to confer with the city about their buying the Water Works."

Respectfully yours,
ALPENA CITY WATER CO.
PT. W. E. HAZEL.

Moved by Alderman Blakley that the communication of the Water Co. be received and filed. Carried by unanimous vote.

REPORT OF OFFICERS.
From the Comptroller recommending the payment of the following bills:

Joe & Mary	\$3.00
Alma Campbell	\$2.00
W. W. White	\$2.00
Peter Owens	\$2.00
Joe & McVicar	\$2.00
Chas. Amell	\$2.00
James Minion	\$2.00
James Minion	\$2.00
D. McIntosh	\$2.00
Joe Bowden	\$2.00
Chas. P. Allen	\$2.00
Al J. McDonald	\$2.00
Albert E. Manning	\$2.00
Chas. McAdams	\$2.00
Alma Daoust	\$2.00
Frank Beck	\$2.00
Max Wright	\$2.00

Ed McDonald, \$2.00
Thomas Crawford, \$2.00
A. J. Farnham, \$2.00
A. L. Warner, \$2.00
A. J. Farnham, \$2.00
David Holmes, \$2.00
Frank Byatt, \$2.00

Also recommending that several bills be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Moved by Alderman A. Campbell that the report of the Comptroller be received and recommendations concurred in, and warrants ordered drawn for the payment of the several amounts as recommended. Carried by unanimous vote.

To the Hon. Common Council of the City of Alpena.

GENTLEMEN—Whereas, Mr. Frank Hoffman has been a faithful servant of this city, as driver of No. 1. Horse cart, for the past ten years, I would most respectfully recommend that he be granted a vacation of twenty days, without loss of time, to enable him to visit the World's Fair.

Very respectfully,
WILLIAM STEINLEIGH,
Chief of A. F. D.

Moved by Alderman A. Campbell that the request be granted. Carried by unanimous vote.

REPORT OF COMMITTEES.

From the Committee on Ways and Means, recommending the payment of the following bills:

Fred A. Rice	\$2.00
Chas. Rice	\$2.00
Mrs. Mary C. Tyler, of Heppner, Ore.	\$2.00
J. J. Murphy	\$2.00
Henry Beck	\$2.00
Harmon & Kimball	\$2.00
City Pharmacy	\$2.00
John Law	\$2.00
Johnston, Collins & Co.	\$2.00
Alma Daoust	\$2.00
W. E. Campbell	\$2.00
Frederick & Telegraph Co.	\$2.00
Joe & Field & Co.	\$2.00

On motion of Alderman Daoust the report of the committee was accepted and warrants ordered drawn for the payment of the several amounts as recommended, by unanimous vote.

To the Hon. Common Council of the City of Alpena:

GENTLEMEN—Your committee appointed to look into the matter of having telephones located so closely together as the Alpena and Ziegenfuss telephones, would most respectfully recommend that the telephone at Casper Alpena's residence be moved up to W. F. Woolf's residence, No. 114 Mirror street.

Yours respectfully,
J. S. BOWDEN,
F. A. ELLIS,
FRANK BECK.

Moved by Alderman White that the report of the committee be received and their recommendations concurred in.

Moved by Alderman A. Campbell as an amendment, that the matter be referred to the Committee on Fire Department and Chief Engineer. Carried by vote as follows: Ayes, Blakley, Holmes, Wixson, Manion, Crawford, A. Campbell, Daoust and Beck. Nays, White, Ellis, Bowden and D. A. Campbell.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Moved by Alderman Wixson that the petition presented at the last meeting asking for an extension of the sewers on Mills street, from Norwegian to Alfred streets, be granted. Carried by vote as follows: Ayes, Blakley, Holmes, D. A. Campbell, Wixson, Crawford, Manion, A. Campbell, Daoust and Beck. Nays, White, Ellis, Bowden and D. A. Campbell.

Moved by Alderman A. Campbell that the matter of extending Miller street be taken from the table. Carried by vote as follows: Ayes, Blakley, Holmes, Ellis, Bowden, D. A. Campbell, Wixson, Crawford, Manion, A. Campbell, Daoust and Beck. Nays, White.

Moved by Alderman A. Campbell that the proposition of the Morse Mfg. Co., submitted some time ago, in reference to the extension of Miller street, be accepted, providing the city can make proper arrangements with the R. R. Co. to get a crossing over their tract. Carried by vote as follows: Ayes, Blakley, D. A. Campbell, Wixson, Crawford, Manion, A. Campbell and Beck. Nays, Holmes, White, Ellis, Bowden and Daoust.

Moved by Alderman Ellis that the Comptroller be instructed to advertise for sealed proposals for doing the city printing. Carried by vote as follows: Ayes, Blakley, Holmes, White, Ellis, Bowden, D. A. Campbell and A. Campbell. Nays, Wixson, Crawford, Manion, Daoust and Beck.

Moved by Alderman Ellis that the Street Commissioner be instructed to notify Mr. John Gavanagan to remove all obstruction he has on Sable street. Carried by unanimous vote.

On motion of Alderman Blakley the Council adjourned.

WM. A. McDONALD,
Recorder.
ANDREW HARSHAW,
Mayor.

Marriage Licenses.

The marriage licenses issued by the county clerk, since our last report, with name and residence, are as follows:
ss. Anthony Gliniecki, city of Alpena.
Sadie Kuske, city of Alpena.

A Day at Niagara for Twenty Cents.

Niagara, "the crown jewel of our continent," centuries old, but ever new in its infinite variety, is one spot that every American should see, and every reader of Demorest's Family Magazine for August may see Niagara in all its different aspects, at every season of the year, without the fatigue and expense of the journey. Through the charmingly written and superbly illustrated article "A Day at Niagara," one may become familiar with every point of interest in the vicinity of the Great Falls, while those who propose stopping there on their way to or from the Exposition, may learn how they may see all to the best advantage, and with the least expenditure of time and money. "Life at White Sulphur Springs" is another "outing" article. This is also an example of stay-at-home travel, for after reading the article and seeing the many illustrations one feels as familiar with the place as if it were visited.

"The Diary of An Athletic Girl," "Miss Canarsie's Cruelty," "Story of the Millennium," and "The Madness of La Farge" will be read with pleasure by all lovers of good fiction. "A Feast of Umbrellas" describes a most charming summer fete; "Vacation Pleasures" furnishes some excellent hints for entertaining. "Society Fads" describes all the latest follies of the butterflies of fashion; and all the departments for which this Magazine is noted are full to overflowing with good things. There is something in it of interest to every member of the family. This number is a fair sample of what is given twelve times a year for 25 cents. Published by W. Jennings Demorest, 15 East 14th St., New York.

Eighty acres of land well timbered with hemlock and hardwood, for sale. Enquire at this office.

Ely's Cream Balm is especially adapted as a remedy for catarrh which is aggravated by alkaline dust and dry winds.—W. A. Haver, Druggist, Denver.
My catarrh was very bad. For thirty years I have been troubled with it—have tried a number of remedies without relief. A druggist advised Ely's Cream Balm. I have used one bottle and I can say I feel like a new man. I make this voluntary statement that others may know of the Balm.—J. W. Mathewson (Lawyer), Fairview, R. I.

The Summer Tours
of the Michigan Central, "The Niagara Falls Route" are unrivaled in their variety, picturesque and comfort, embracing the best routes to Mackinac Island and Michigan Resorts, Niagara Falls, Thousand Islands and the St. Lawrence River, the Adirondacks, Green and White Mountains, Canadian Lakes and the New England Sea Coast.
A copy will be sent upon application to Jas. Whiting, Ticket Agent, Bay City, Mich. 1137w

Ask No Sympathy
of your friends if you are aware of the mode of applying and the bonafide guarantee we give with each package of HUI'S Pile Pomade, and you will not give it a trial. Price \$1.00, six packages \$5.00.—By mail. Try it to-night.

See What
The well-known manager of excursions to Washington, California, and the White Mountains, I. A. Whitcomb, says: I have never had anything do me so much good as your Sulphur Bitters. It is the best spring medicine I ever used. I would advise all who suffer from biliousness and dyspepsia to use Sulphur Bitters, for I know they cured me.

A New Certain Cure for Piles.
We do not intend to endorse any except articles of genuine merit; we therefore take pleasure in recommending to sufferers from Piles in any form, a prompt and permanent cure. The following letter speaks for themselves:
Mrs. Mary C. Tyler, of Heppner, Ore., writes: One pkg. of Pyramid Pile Cure entirely cured me of piles from which I have suffered for years, and I have never had the slightest return of them since. Mr. E. O'Brien, Rock Bluffs, Neb., says: The pkg. of Pyramid Pile Cure entirely removed every trace of itching piles. I cannot thank you enough for the Pyramid Pile Cure is a new, certain, painless cure for every form of piles. It is safe, sure and cheap. Any druggist will get it for you if you ask him.

Be Your Own Doctor.
It won't cost you one half as much. Do not delay. Send three 2-cent stamps for postage, and we will send you Dr. Kaffmann's great work, fine colored plates from life, on diseases, its causes and home cure. Address A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass.

Detroit Markets.
The following quotations are copied from the Detroit Free Press:
Apples, \$1.50 to \$2.25 per bushel.
Butter, 15c to 20c per pound.
Live turkeys, 15c to 16c per pound.
Eggs, 12c to 14c per dozen.
Flour per barrel, \$3.00 to \$4.50.
Hay baled, \$15.00 to \$17.50 per ton.
Oats per bushel, 35c to 36c.
Onions per bushel, \$1.20 to \$1.50.
Pork, \$20.25 to \$22.00 per bbl.
Potatoes per bushel, 10c to 12c.
Wheat, \$2.25 to \$2.50 per bushel.

The above quotations are mostly of a wholesale nature. The price at retail stores is higher.

Dr. A. Letourneau,
140 WASHINGTON AVE.

Between Episcopal Church and Centennial Block.

PROBATE NOTICE FOR HEARING CLAIMS

State of Michigan, County of Alpena.—88.
Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the county of Alpena, made on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1893, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Margaret Doyle, late of said county, deceased, and that each creditor of said deceased is required to present their claims to said Probate Court, for examination, in the City and County of Alpena, for examination and allowance on or before the tenth day of January next, and that each claimant of said estate, on Monday, the eighth day of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, shall appear in person, or by attorney, at the office of the Probate Court, to show cause why the same should not be allowed.

Dated Alpena, Mich. July 10, A. D. 1893.
GEO. M. BUDGETT,
Judge of Probate.

Groceries, Provisions,

FRUITS,

Vegetables.

Everything Fresh.

Monaghan & Co.,

SECOND STREET.

Pure and Fresh

Groceries & Provisions

Flour, Feed, Hay Grain,

Fruits and Vegetables,

Muellerweiss & Co.'s

"Comstock Block, Second St."

FRED W. HAGEN,